Session 4

Of God's Eternal Decree, Of Creation, and Of Providence

Session 4 Overview

- Westminster Confession of Faith
 - Chapter 3 Of God's Eternal Decree
 - Chapter 4 Of Creation
 - Chapter 5 Of Providence
- Catechism
 - Q. 12. What are the decrees of God? (WSC Q.7)
 - Q. 13. What hath God especially decreed concerning angels and men?
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 - Q. 15. What is the work of creation? (WSC Q.9)
 - Q. 16. How did God create angels?
 - Q. 17. How did God create man? (WSC Q.10)
 - Q. 18. What are God's works of providence? (WSC Q.11)
 - Q. 19. What is God's providence towards the angels?
 - Q. 20. What was the providence of God toward man in the estate in which he was created? (WSC Q.12)

Supernaturalism

Supernaturalism: belief in a supernatural power and order of existence summed in "Five points of Calvinism":

- T Total depravity: Man is incapable of saving faith. (Session 5 WCF 6)
- U Unconditional Election: God choses man first for salvation (now)
- L Limited Atonement: Christ atonement only for elect (Session 6, 7, 9 WCF 7,8,11)
- I Irresistible Grace: Grace applied only to elect. The Grace God gives cannot be refused. (Session 8, 9 WCF 9, 10)
- P Perseverance of the Saints: God's elect will persevere and never fall away from the faith. (Session 10 WCF 17)

Naturalism

Naturalism: a theory denying that an event or object has a supernatural significance. The opposite of T.U.L.I.P.

Free will: Man has total ability to chose and have faith in God.

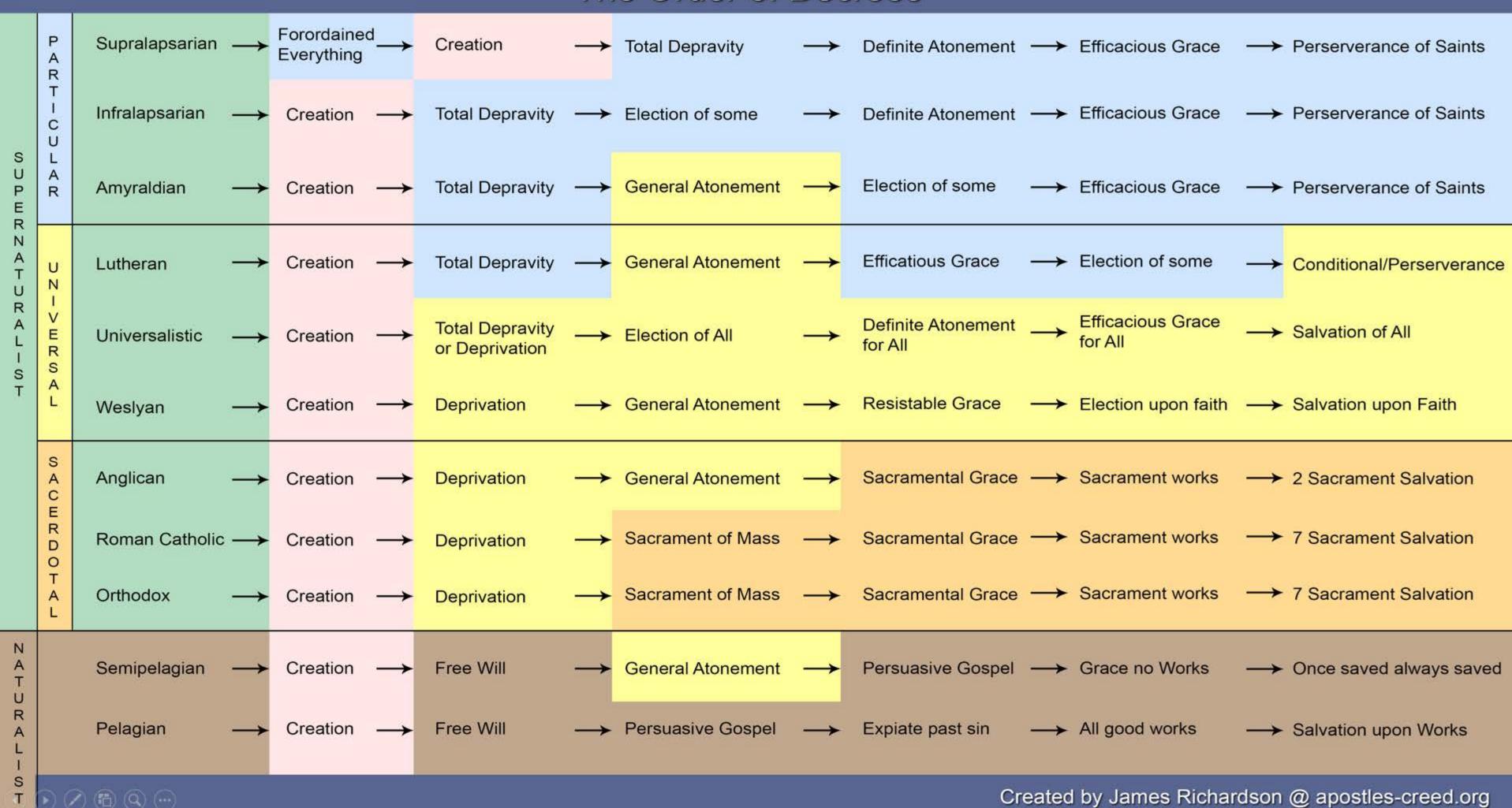
Conditional Election: Man choses God first then God choses man.

Unlimited Atonement: Christs death only makes salvation possible for all.

Persuasive Grace: God persuades people to believe by their own free will. Grace can be refused.

Falling from Grace: Salvation is based upon man keeping the faith by their own free will.

The Order of Decrees



Predestination: The "U" in "T.U.L.I.P."

Q. 12. What are the decrees of God? (WSC Q.7)

A. The wise, free, and holy acts of the counsel of his will, whereby, from all eternity, he hath, for his own glory, unchangeably foreordained whatsoever comes to pass in time, especially concerning angels and men. (from Acts 2:23, Acts 4:27–28, Rom. 9:22–23)

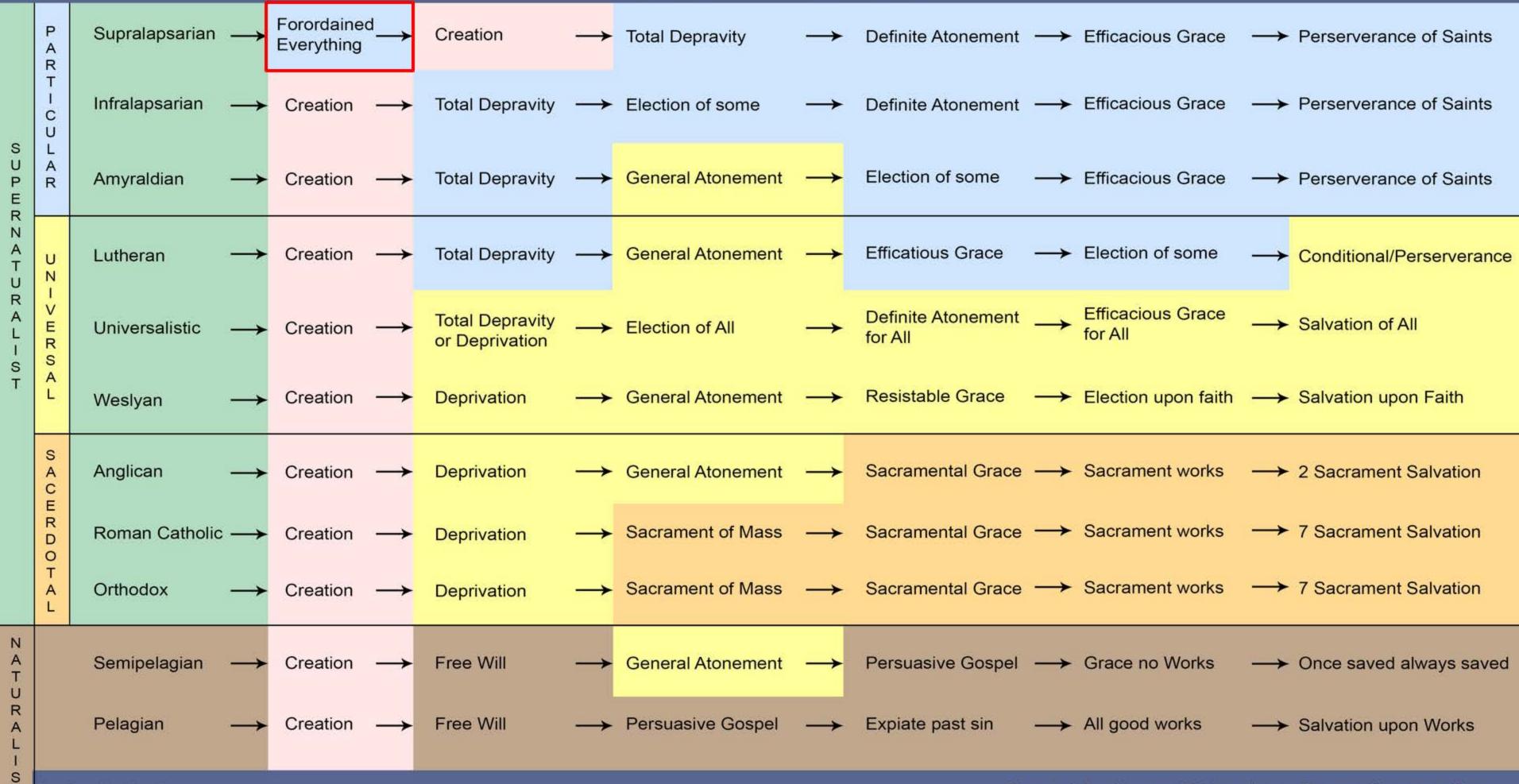
- The LORD of hosts has sworn saying, "Surely, just as I have intended so it has happened, and just as I have planned so it will stand, (Isa 14:24 NAS)
- Also we have obtained an inheritance, having been predestined according to His purpose who works all things after the counsel of His will, (Eph 1:4-11 NAS)

Q. 13. What hath God especially decreed concerning angels and men?

A. chosen some men and angels to eternal life, hath passed by and foreordained the rest to dishonor and wrath. (Also known as double predestination)

- I solemnly charge you in the presence of God and of Christ Jesus and of His chosen angels. (1Ti 5:21 NAS)
- What if God, although willing to demonstrate His wrath and to make His power known, endured with much patience vessels of wrath prepared for destruction? (Rom 9:22 NAS)

The Order of Decrees



Q.14. How doth God execute his decrees? (WSC Q.8)

By the works of creation and providence, according to his infallible foreknowledge, and the free and immutable counsel of his own will.

Paradox:

- God, from all eternity, did, by the most wise and holy counsel of his own will, freely, and unchangeably ordain whatsoever comes to pass: (WCF 3:1)
- Yet so, as thereby neither is God the author of sin, nor is violence offered to the will of the creatures; nor is the liberty or contingency of second causes taken away, but rather established. (WCF 3:1)
- God did not look to the future. (Illogical)
 - Although God knows whatsoever may or can come to pass upon all supposed conditions, yet hath he not decreed anything because he foresaw it as future, or as that which would come to pass upon such conditions. (WCF 3:2)
 - The Terminator, Back to the Future

Criticisms of Christianity

- Why doesn't God stop bad from happening?
 - And as for you, you meant evil against me, but God meant it for good in order to bring about this present result, to preserve many people alive. (Gen 50:20 NAS)
- Why doesn't God just get rid of sin?
 - And it shall come about, when I bring a cloud over the earth, that the bow shall be seen in the cloud, and I will remember My covenant, which is between Me and you and every living creature of all flesh; and never again shall the water become a flood to destroy all flesh. (Gen 9:14-15 NAS)
- Why did God create anything in the first place if He knew sin would exist?
 - All things have been created by Him and for Him. (Col 1:16 NAS)
 - Worthy art Thou, our Lord and our God, to receive glory and honor and power; for Thou didst create all things, and because of Thy will they existed, and were created. (Rev 4:11 NAS)

Evolutionary Chance?

The physical universe could not have come into being by chance.

You can demonstrate the probability of getting a certain result by flipping a coin to get heads or tails. The chance of getting heads a 100 times in a row is similar to having 100 left-handed amino acids to form a biological protein. The chance getting 100 left-handed amino acids would have a 10³⁰. Numerically would look like 1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000.
(The New Answers Book 3, Book 3 By Ken Ham)

Everything past present and future was created by God

The heavens are Thine, the earth also is Thine; The world and all it contains, Thou hast founded them. The north and the south, Thou hast created them; Tabor and Hermon shout for joy at Thy name. Thou hast a strong arm; Thy hand is mighty, Thy right hand is exalted. (Psa 89:11-13 NAS)

Q.15. What is the work of creation? (WSC Q.9)

- God did "Create, or make of nothing, the world, and all things therein whether visible or invisible, in the space of six days; and all very good." (WCF 4)
 - For in six days the LORD made the heavens and the earth, the sea and all that is in them, and rested on the seventh day; (Exo 20:11 NAS)
 - For everything created by God is good, and nothing is to be rejected, if it is received with gratitude; (1Ti 4:4 NAS)
 - For by Him all things were created, both in the heavens and on earth, visible and invisible, whether thrones or dominions or rulers or authorities— all things have been created by Him and for Him. (Col 1:16 NAS)
- So God foreordained everything by creating everything past, present, and future and governing His creation.

Creation is not a one time incident

God did not create the world and then set is in motion to govern itself. God is not somewhere is space watching the world perpetuate itself by its own power.

- Remember what my span of life is; For what vanity Thou hast created all the sons of men! (Psa 89:47 NAS)
- This will be written for the generation to come; That a people yet to be created may praise the LORD. (Psa 102:18 NAS)
- Everyone who is called by My name, And whom I have created for My glory, Whom I have formed, even whom I have made." (Isa 43:7 NAS)
- "Do we not all have one father? Has not one God created us? ... Mal 2:10 NAS)
- For we are His workmanship, created in Christ Jesus for good works, which God prepared beforehand, that we should walk in them. (Eph 2:10 NAS)

Q. 17. How did God create man? (WSC Q.10)

- He created man male and female; (Gen 1:27; 5:2; Mat 19:4)
- Formed the body of the man of the dust of the ground and the woman of the rib of the man. (Gen 2:22)
- Endued them with living, reasonable, and immortal souls; (Gen 2:7)
- Made them after his own image, in knowledge, righteousness, and holiness; (Gen 1:27; 5:3;)
- Having the law of God written in their hearts, (Rom 2:15)
- And power to fulfill it. (??)
- And dominion over the creatures; (Gen 1:28)
- Yet subject to fall. (Gen. 2:16–17; 3:6)

Behold, I have found only this, that **God made men upright**, but they have sought out many devices. (Ecc 7:29 NAS) and **it was good**. (Gen 1:10, 12, 18, 21, 25, 31)

Q. 18. What are God's works of providence? (WSC Q.11)

- PROVIDENCE: 1a often capitalized: divine guidance or care b capitalized: God conceived as the power sustaining and guiding human destiny
 http://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/providence
- God's works of providence are his most holy, wise, and powerful preserving and governing all his creatures; ordering them, and all their actions, to his own glory.
 - Are not two sparrows sold for a cent? And yet not one of them will fall to the ground apart from your Father. But the very hairs of your head are all numbered. (Mat 10:29-30 NAS)
 - The steps of a man are established by the LORD; And He delights in his way.
 (Psa 37:23 NAS)
 - The One forming light and creating darkness, Causing well-being and creating calamity; I am the LORD who does all these. (Isa 45:7 NAS)
 - And how shall they believe in Him whom they have not heard? And how shall they
 hear without a preacher? And how shall they preach unless they are sent?
 (Rom 10:14-15 NAS)

Q.20. What was the providence of God toward man in the estate in which he was created? (WSC Q.12)

Placed in Paradise:

 And God blessed them; and God said to them, "Be fruitful and multiply, and fill the earth, and subdue it; and rule over the fish of the sea and over the birds of the sky, and over every living thing that moves on the earth. (Gen 1:28 NAS)

Instituted the Sabbath:

Then God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it, (Gen 2:3 NAS)

Covenant of life:

Then the LORD God took the man and put him into the garden of Eden to cultivate it and keep it. And the LORD God commanded the man, saying, "From any tree of the garden you may eat freely; but from the tree of the knowledge of good and evil you shall not eat, for in the day that you eat from it you shall surely die." (Gen 2:15-17 NAS) (This will be discussed in Session 5)

Communion with God:

 And they heard the sound of the LORD God walking in the garden in the cool of the day (Gen 3:8 NAS)

The WCF on God's providence

- The immutable "First Cause" necessitates a free "Second Cause."
 - The First Cause, all things come to pass immutably, and infallibly; yet, by the same providence, he ordereth them to fall out, according to the nature of second causes, either necessarily, freely, or contingently. (WCF 5:2) (see Acts 2:23) (Christ's crucifixion)
- God works through "Means" (a course of action or instrument to an achieve an end)
 - God, in his ordinary providence, maketh use of means, yet is free to work without, above, and against them, at his pleasure. (WCF 5:3) (see Isa. 55:10–11; Gen 50:20) (Joseph story)
- God is not the author of sin (Paradox)
 - Not by a bare permission but ... governing of them...to his own holy ends; yet so, as the sinfulness thereof proceedeth only from the creature, and not from God, who... neither is nor can be the author or approver of sin. (WCF 5:4) (see Psa 37:23; James 1:13–14, 17; 1 Joh 2:16)

The WCF on God's providence cont.

- Gods people oftentimes fall into sin and temptation
 - Oftentimes leave, for a season, his own children to manifold temptations, and the corruption of their own hearts...that they may be humbled...just and holy ends. (WCF 5:5) (see Deut. 8:2–3, 5) (Jews wandering in the wilderness) (Session 5)
- Reprobation or the hardening of the heart of sinners (Paradox)
 - As for those wicked and ungodly men whom God, as a righteous Judge, for former sins, doth blind and harden...they harden themselves... (WCF 5:6) (see Joh 12:40; 2 Thess. 2:11; Exo 4:21; 8:15) (The hardening of Pharaoh's heart) (Session 5)
- God works good through all creature called "Common Grace."
 - As the providence of God doth, in general, reach to all creatures (WCF 5:7) (see Mat 5:45) (Session 5)

Creation and Providence of Angels

- Q. 16. How did God create angels?
 - God created all the angels spirits, immortal, holy, excelling in knowledge, mighty in power, to execute his commandments, and to praise his name, yet subject to change. (see Col 1:16; Mat 22:30)
- Q. 19. What is God's providence towards the angels?
 - Are they not all ministering spirits, sent out to render service for the sake of those who will inherit salvation? (Heb 1:14 NAS)

Next Lesson – Session 5

- Westminster Confession of Faith
 - Chapter 6 Of the Fall of Man, of Sin, and of the Punishment Thereof
- Catechism
 - Q. 21. Did man continue in that estate wherein God at first created him? (WSC Q.13)
 - Q. 22. Did all mankind fall in that first transgression? (WSC Q.16)
 - Q. 23. Into what estate did the fall bring mankind? (WSC Q.15)
 - Q. 24. What is sin? (WSC Q.14)
 - Q. 25. Wherein consisteth the sinfulness of that estate whereinto man fell? (WSC Q.18)
 - Q. 26. How is original sin conveyed from our first parents unto their posterity? (WSC Q.17)
 - Q. 27. What misery did the fall bring upon mankind? (WSC Q.19)
 - Q. 28. What are the punishments of sin in this world?
 - Q. 29. What are the punishments of sin in the world to come?